

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1 1. (Currently amended) A method for detecting a thermal anomaly in a
2 computer system, comprising:

3 determining correlations between instrumentation signals in the computer
4 system;

5 deriving an estimated signal for a thermal sensor in the computer system
6 from the correlations, wherein the estimated signal is derived from correlations
7 with other instrumentation signals in the computer system;

8 comparing an actual signal from the thermal sensor with the estimated
9 signal to determine whether a thermal anomaly exists in the computer system; and
10 if a thermal anomaly exists, generating an alarm.

1 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein generating the alarm
2 involves communicating the alarm to a system administrator so that the system
3 administrator can take remedial action.

1 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein communicating the alarm to
2 the system administrator involves communicating information specifying the
3 nature of the thermal anomaly to the system administrator.

1 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein comparing the actual signal
2 with the estimated signal involves using sequential detection methods to detect
3 changes in the relationship between the actual signal and the estimated signal.

1 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the sequential detection
2 methods include the Sequential Probability Ratio Test (SPRT).

1 6 (Canceled).

1 | 7. (Currently amended) The method of ~~claim 6~~claim 1, wherein
2 determining the correlations involves using a non-linear, non-parametric
3 regression technique to determine the correlations.

1 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the non-linear, non-
2 parametric regression technique can include a multivariate state estimation
3 technique.

1 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the instrumentation signals
2 can include:

3 signals associated with internal performance parameters maintained by
4 software within the computer system;

5 signals associated with physical performance parameters measured
6 through sensors within the computer system; and

7 signals associated with canary performance parameters for synthetic user
8 transactions, which are periodically generated for the purpose of measuring
9 quality of service from an end user's perspective.

1 10. (Original) The method of claim 1,

2 wherein deriving the estimated signal for the thermal sensor involves
3 deriving multiple estimated signals for multiple thermal sensors in the computer
4 system; and

5 wherein comparing the actual signal with the estimated signal involves
6 comparing multiple actual signals with the multiple estimated signals to determine
7 whether a thermal anomaly exists in the computer system.

1 11. (Currently amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing
2 instructions that when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a
3 method for detecting a thermal anomaly in a computer system, the method
4 comprising:

5 determining correlations between instrumentation signals in the computer
6 system;

7 deriving an estimated signal for a thermal sensor in the computer system
8 from the correlations, wherein the estimated signal is derived from correlations
9 with other instrumentation signals in the computer system;

10 comparing an actual signal from the thermal sensor with the estimated
11 signal to determine whether a thermal anomaly exists in the computer system; and
12 if a thermal anomaly exists, generating an alarm.

1 12. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 11,
2 wherein generating the alarm involves communicating the alarm to a system
3 administrator so that the system administrator can take remedial action.

1 13. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 12,
2 wherein communicating the alarm to the system administrator involves
3 communicating information specifying the nature of the thermal anomaly to the
4 system administrator.

1 14. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 11,
2 wherein comparing the actual signal with the estimated signal involves using
3 sequential detection methods to detect changes in the relationship between the
4 actual signal and the estimated signal.

1 15. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
2 wherein the sequential detection methods include the Sequential Probability Ratio
3 Test (SPRT).

1 16 (Canceled).

1 17. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
2 ~~16~~claim 11, wherein determining the correlations involves using a non-linear,
3 non-parametric regression technique to determine the correlations.

1 18. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 17,
2 wherein the non-linear, non-parametric regression technique can include a
3 multivariate state estimation technique.

1 19. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 11,
2 wherein the instrumentation signals can include:
3 signals associated with internal performance parameters maintained by
4 software within the computer system;
5 signals associated with physical performance parameters measured
6 through sensors within the computer system; and
7 signals associated with canary performance parameters for synthetic user
8 transactions, which are periodically generated for the purpose of measuring
9 quality of service from an end user's perspective.

1 20. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 11,
2 wherein deriving the estimated signal for the thermal sensor involves
3 deriving multiple estimated signals for multiple thermal sensors in the computer
4 system; and
5 wherein comparing the actual signal with the estimated signal involves
6 comparing multiple actual signals with the multiple estimated signals to determine
7 whether a thermal anomaly exists in the computer system.

1 21. (Currently amended) An apparatus that detects a thermal anomaly in a
2 computer system, comprising:
3 a correlation determination mechanism configured to determine
4 correlations between instrumentation signals in the computer system;
5 an estimation mechanism configured to derive an estimated signal for a
6 thermal sensor in the computer system from the correlations, ~~wherein the~~
7 ~~estimated signal is derived from correlations with other instrumentation signals in~~
8 ~~the computer system;~~
9 a comparison mechanism configured to compare an actual signal from the
10 thermal sensor with the estimated signal to determine whether a thermal anomaly
11 exists in the computer system; and
12 an alarm generation mechanism, wherein if a thermal anomaly exists, the
13 alarm generation mechanism is configured to generate an alarm.

1 22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein the alarm generation
2 mechanism is configured to communicate the alarm to a system administrator so
3 that the system administrator can take remedial action.

1 23. (Original) The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the alarm generation
2 mechanism is configured to communicate information specifying the nature of the
3 thermal anomaly to the system administrator.

1 24. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein the comparison
2 mechanism is configured to use sequential detection methods to detect changes in
3 the relationship between the actual signal and the estimated signal.

1 25. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24, wherein the sequential detection
2 methods include the Sequential Probability Ratio Test (SPRT).

1 26 (Canceled).

1 | 27. (Currently amended) The apparatus of ~~claim 26~~claim 21, wherein the
2 correlation determination mechanism is configured to use a non-linear, non-
3 parametric regression technique to determine the correlations.

1 28. (Original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the non-linear, non-
2 parametric regression technique can include a multivariate state estimation
3 technique.

1 29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein the instrumentation
2 signals can include:

3 signals associated with internal performance parameters maintained by
4 software within the computer system;

5 signals associated with physical performance parameters measured
6 through sensors within the computer system; and

7 signals associated with canary performance parameters for synthetic user
8 transactions, which are periodically generated for the purpose of measuring
9 quality of service from and end user's perspective.

1 30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21,
2 wherein the estimation mechanism is configured to derive estimated
3 signals for multiple thermal sensors in the computer system; and
4 wherein the comparison mechanism is configured to compare multiple
5 actual signals with the multiple estimated signals to determine whether a thermal
6 anomaly exists in the computer system.